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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/701,079	11/05/2003	Stefan Diesner	095309.52897US	6298
23911 7	1590 12/02/2004		EXAMINER	
-	& MORING LLP JAL PROPERTY GROUP		MILLER, PATRICK L	
P.O. BOX 14300			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
WASHINGTO	ON, DC 20044-4300		2837	

DATE MAILED: 12/02/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

<u> </u>				$\sim$				
•		Application No.	Applicant(s)	C				
		10/701,079	DIESNER ET AL.					
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
		Patrick Miller	2837					
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S   FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time! / filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days   viiii be considered timely.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).								
Status	•							
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on							
2a)[_		—. s action is non-final.						
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
,	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims								
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)⊠	<ul> <li>Claim(s) 1-12 is/are pending in the application.</li> <li>4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.</li> <li>Claim(s) is/are allowed.</li> <li>Claim(s) 1-7 and 9-12 is/are rejected.</li> </ul>							
Application Papers								
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.  10) ☑ The drawing(s) filed on 05 November 2003 is/are: a) ☑ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.  Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 17 CFR 1.85(a).  Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office I ction or form PTO-152.								
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119								
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-₁d) or (f).  a) △ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:  1. △ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No  3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
Attachmen	nt(s)							
1) Notice 2) Notice 3) Infor	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 er No(s)/Mail Date 11052003.	Paper No(s)/M	mary (F TO-413) lail Datr mal Patent Application (PTC	O-152) 				

Page 2

Application/Control Number: 10/701,079

Art Unit: 2837

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Objections

- 1. Claims 2, 4, 5 and 9-12 are objected to because of the following informalities: See bullets below. Appropriate correction is required.
  - Claim 2 recites, "as a result of ones of said..." (l. 15). Change "ones" to "one."
  - Claim 4 recites, "the power breaker." Lack of antecedent basis for this term. Term not cited in claim 2, but rather, this claim is recited in claim 1.
  - Claim 5 recites, "one of said power supply lines." Lack of antecedent basis for this term.
  - Claim 9 recites, "a reverse direction." Amend to show the direction to what "reverse" is related. E.g. a reverse direction with respect to the one direction.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 2. Claims 1, 5, 6, 9, 11, and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Weinbrenner (6,774,600).
  - With respect to claims 1 and 9, Weinbrenner discloses a device for actuating a plurality of motors, said device comprising: a plurality of output stages (Fig. 3, #outputs from

Application/Control Number: 10/701,079

Art Unit: 2837

#319 to power breakers, #s 302-307); a control circuit for actuating the output stages, and wherein the output stages are connected to a plurality of electric motors (Fig. 3, #319); the output stages are each additionally connected to one further electric motor by the control circuit (Fig. 3, e.g. #302 to #202 and 204); the control circuit actuates each output stage, and each output stage actuates one of the motors (col. 3, ll. 38-47); the outputs are interconnected to one another in a matrix configuration (col. 3, ll. 47-67); two output stages are connected to power breakers (Fig. 3, first output from #319 to power breaker #302, second output from #319 to power breaker #303), and connect to one of a first and

Page 3

• With respect to claims 5 and 12, the control unit controls the system so one power breaker is connected to low potential and a second power breaker is connected to a high potential (col. 4, ll. 13-34).

a second potential so that an actuated motor and the additional motor can be operated in

both directions (col. 1, ll. 22-24; each power breaker connected to power and ground).

- With respect to claim 6, the output stages are provided with an actuating interface (Fig. 3, #313), and the output stages are each embodied as a standardized module so that each module can be used at a different position in the matrix-like structure (Fig. 3, output of #319 and elements #302-307 are standard outputs from a controller and identical drivers, thus each output stage is identical and therefore standardized).
- With respect to claim 11, the power breakers switch off current flow in both directions (col. 4, ll. 31-34; see also col. 3, ll. 41-47; since current is "two-way," this means that current flow is off in a reverse direction when the motor operating in a forward direction, and vice versa).

Application/Control Number: 10/701,079 Page 4

Art Unit: 2837

3. Claims 2 and 4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Pardo et al (6,008,597).

- With respect to claim 2, Pardo et al disclose a device for actuating a plurality of motors, the device comprising: a plurality of output stages (Fig. 8, output from motor drivers) and a control circuit for actuating the output stages, where the output stages are connected to a plurality of electric motor (Fig. 8, current sensing controls output stages); each motor is arranged between two power supply lines, where one of the motors is connected to a common power supply line, and another power supply connection is connected to the other power supply line (col. 5, ll. 43-57; 24 volt common line and ground via motor drivers and switches to each motor); each of the power supply lines is connected to two of the plurality of output stages (Fig 8, each power line from the drivers is supplied to two motors and each "ground" line from the drivers is supplied to two motors), where the first output stage is connected to a first potential, and the second output stage is connected to a second potential (Fig. 8, "top" drivers supply power and "bottom" drivers supply ground path); and a circuit breaker provided between each of the electric motors and a respective assigned one of the two power supply lines in order to prevent parallel current as a result of one of the electric motors which are not actuated (Fig. 10; see also col. 5, ll. 34-57; when jam occurs, current sensor acts as a circuit breaker and inhibits power to the drivers and motors).
- With respect to claim 4, as best understood by the Examiner, the circuit breaker switches of the flow of current in both directions of the power supply lines (col. 5, ll. 36-38).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

Art Unit: 2837

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 3 and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Weinbrenner as applied to claims 1 and 9 above, and further in view of Verduin et al (GB 2163884 A).
  - Weinbrenner does not disclose circuit breakers that supply power to the electric motor if
    the difference in potentials between the two power lines is greater than a threshold
    voltage.
  - Verduin et al disclose a diode coupled to each motor in the "matrix" configuration (Fig. 2A, diodes directly connected to each motor). The diode conducts when the amount of current flowing through diode is above a threshold level, which the Examiner has interpreted to be analogous to the difference in potentials at each side is greater than threshold amount, where one side is connected to a source driver and the other side is connected to a sink driver (both power lines). The motivation to implement a diode for each motor is to prevent stray voltages from creating a difference in potential and operating the motor inadvertently.
  - Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the device of Weinbrenner with a diode (circuit breaker) that allows power to flow to the motor when a difference of potential is above a threshold value, thereby providing the advantage of preventing the motor from inadvertently energizing, as taught by Verduin et al.

Application/Control Number: 10/701,079 Page 6

Art Unit: 2837

5. Claim 7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Weinbrenner as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Pardo et al (6,008,597).

- Weinbrenner does not disclose providing a current measuring circuit, and the control circuit executes an error routine when there is excess current.
- Pardo et al disclose a current measuring circuit and the control circuit initiates an error
  routine when there is excess current (col. 5, ll. 32-38; routine is shutting off motor). The
  motivation to implement a current measuring circuit is to detect when a motor is jammed.
  This provides the advantage of preventing damage to the queue.
- Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to implement a current measuring circuit and an error routine performed by the control circuit of Weinbrenner, thereby providing the advantage of preventing damage to the motors and system, as taught by Pardo et al.

### Allowable Subject Matter

- 6. Claim 8 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.
  - With respect to claim 8, the Prior Art does not disclose a device with the limitations of claim 1, that also runs an error routine and switches over to another output stage of the matrix to operate the motor when one of the output stages fails.

Application/Control Number: 10/701,079

Art Unit: 2837

Conclusion

Page 7

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Patrick Miller whose telephone number is 571-272-2070. The

examiner can normally be reached on M-F, 8:30-5:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, David Martin can be reached on 571-272-2800 ext 41. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9318.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding

should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-306-3431.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

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system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Patrick Miller

Examiner

Art Unit 2837

pm

November 15, 2004

DAVID MARTIN

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

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